

General Meeting of the Federal Remediation Technologies Roundtable

Per- and Polyfluoroalkyl Substances (PFAS) Emerging Characterization and Remedial Technologies

U.S. Geological Survey (USGS) National Center (Headquarters) 12201 Sunrise Valley Drive | Reston, Virginia 20192 Wednesday, November 7, 2018



- National Site Assessment Symposium (NSAS) training program in Denver, CO: December 3-7, 2018. <u>https://trainex.org/NSAS2018</u>
- Guidance for Evaluation of Federal Agency Demonstrations that Remedial Actions are Operating Properly and Successfully
- Federal Agency Hazardous Waste Compliance Docket Update #34 published October 29, 2018
- Multiple webinars focused on geophysical tools and techniques hosted on <u>Clu-In.org</u>



"FRTR Presents..." webinars are hosted on CLUIN

- Evolution of Subsurface Remediation: Lessons Learned from Technical Challenges to Achieving Cleanup Goals
- >300 live webinar participants
- Archived and upcoming sessions can be found at <u>Clu-In.org</u>



Environmental Technology Demonstration-Validation Projects (BAA initiative)

- New Project Awards
 - Guidance and demonstration for high resolution site characterization at Air Force sites
 - In-situ sorption-treatment technology: Field-scale evaluation of treatment processes and performance for TCE degradation
- Recent Reports and Outreach
 - Hydrogeophysical tomography mapping of subsurface migration pathways (final report; workshop presentations)
- FY2019 BAA Announcement: Dec-Jan (FedBizOps)

Web: <u>https://www.afcec.af.mil/</u>

Email: afcec.czte.baa@us.af.mil

US ARMY ENVIRONMENTAL COMMAND (AEC)

- <u>Location</u>: Joint Base San Antonio, Fort Sam Houston, San Antonio, Texas
- <u>Mission</u>: Cleanup and compliance for active and reserve Army installations, U.S. and overseas
- PFAS Actions: Following DoD/Army policies, guidances, and Operational Orders (OPORDs); providing toxicology, risk assessment, engineering support; & Contracting: 85 Preliminary Investigations (PAs) awarded to date; 5 Site Investigations (SIs) ongoing where PFAS known / suspected





NASA Update

- PFAS Response
 - NASA is currently working on a granular activated carbon system to treat water for PFAS for the Town of Chincoteague in Virginia. Contamination was from the use of AFFF in response to crashes and Fire Training at the Wallops Flight Facility.
 - Work is ongoing to inventory uses and releases of PFCs across all NASA facilities. Site-wide sampling is planned at Wallops and Kennedy Space Center
- Biennial Restoration Meeting for all Restoration Project Managers is the planning stages for early 2019.

www.nasa.gov



Ecosystems ★ Climate ★ Energy & Minerals ★ Natural Hazards ★ Environment & Human Health ★ Water

USGS Technical Announcements

https://www.usgs.gov/news/technical-announcements

Water Resources Energy Resources Environmental Health Mineral Resources Ecosystems Core Science Systems Natural Hazards

https://www.usgs.gov/science/mission-areas

U. S. Geological Survey





NIEHS Superfund Research Program

- New NIEHS Strategic Plan 2018-2023
- Open Solicitations:
 - Superfund Research Center (P42) Multi-Project Grants
 - Small Business Innovative Research (R41-R44) environmental technologies
- PFAS Conferences
 - Upcoming: Boston, June 10-12, 2019 @ Northeastern University
 - Archive: Duke Fall 2018 Symposium: "Perspectives to Guide North Carolina's PFAS Monitoring Network"

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=7rdEJFaZ0DI&feature=youtu.be

- Archive:
 - Highlights of New Superfund Research Centers Available on Clu-In.org or via SRP Website - Of Note: New PFAS Center (U Rhode Island): <u>https://clu-in.org/conf/tio/SRPPIR7_091018/</u>
 - "PFAS Research at NIEHS," NAEHS Council Presentation by Chris Weis, Sept 12 (available through NIEHS Website)
- Annual Meeting: Nov 28-30, Sacramento, CA <u>https://srp2018.org/</u>
- Monthly Research Brief: ask to join <u>srpinfo@niehs.nih.gov</u>

Visit the SRP Website: <u>https://www.niehs.nih.gov/srp</u>

CONTAMINATION PLUME

Questions: <u>heather.henry@nih.gov</u>



Biomedical, Health Risks, Stakeholder Engagement, Transport, Detection and Remediation

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U.S. Department of the Interior

Updates:

- Continue to work on cleanup prioritization
- Refining our contaminated sites inventory
- Updating our compliance guidance



U.S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission

U.S. NRC staff is evaluating risk significant events involving abnormal leaks/spills of radioactive contaminants into the environment. We also assess residual radioactivity in the subsurface at nuclear facilities, particularly during dismantling and decommissioning of those facilities. Recent NRC regulations require licensees to minimize contamination to the subsurface. Both monitoring and modeling technologies are involved in those assessments and determination of risk significance to the public health and environment. Decision-making on risk significance and the possible need of remediation relies on the coupled monitoring and modeling of the environment. A key issue is the formulation and testing of Conceptual Site Models to understand the contaminant sources and their migration; hydrogeologic flow and transport features, events and processes; bio-geochemical processes affecting contaminant migration behavior; and effectiveness of remediation methods when implemented.

Navy Update to FRTR



Websites

-DON PFAS Website

www.secnav.navy.mil/eie/pages/pfc-pfas

-NAVFAC Environmental Restoration & BRAC Website

• www.navfac.navy.mil/go/erb

Recent NAVFAC Guidance on Emerging Contaminants

-Guidance/FAQs on 1,4-Dioxane, September 2018 -Interim PFAS Site Guidance for NAVFAC RPMs, September 2017

Navy Update to FRTR



New NAVFAC Technical Documents

- -Passive Sampling for Contaminated Sediment Sites, September 2018
- -Tools for Estimating Contaminant Mass-In-Place, Mass Discharge, and Remediation Timeframes, August 2018
- -Geophysical Methods for Characterization and Monitoring at Groundwater Remediation Sites, August 2018
- -Advances in the State of the Practice for Enhanced In Situ Bioremediation, February 2018

Recent OER2 Webinars

- -Five Year Review Refresher, October 2018
- -Munitions Response Program Update and Lessons Learned, April 2018

SERDP & ESTCP Efforts on PFAS: Occurrence, Fate, Transport, Remediation and Ecotoxicity

Andrea Leeson, Ph.D. Deputy Director & Environmental Restoration Program Manager

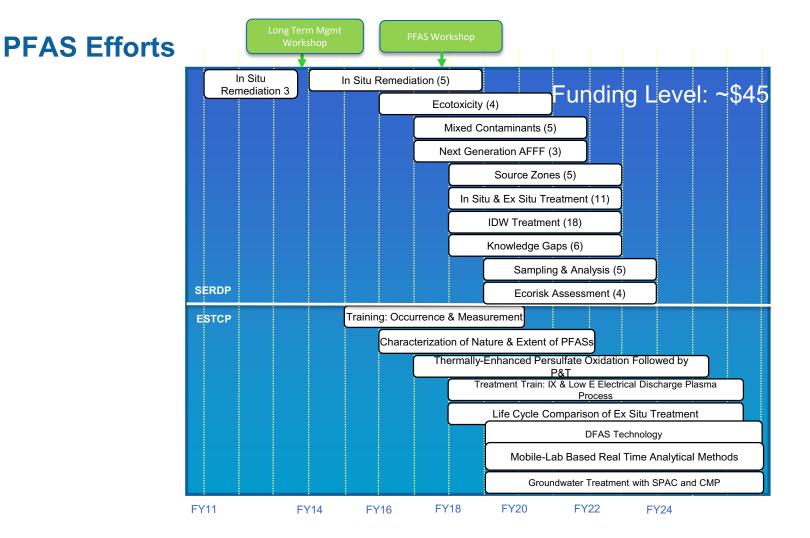




Funding to Date

- ~70 projects
- Total: \$48M (FY11 FY22)







PFAS Workshop

- In May 2017, SERDP and ESTCP sponsored a two-day workshop: Research and Development Needs for Management of DoD's PFAS Contaminated Sites to:
 - Review the current state of the science regarding PFAS contamination in general, and AFFF in particular
 - Evaluate current and potential characterization and remediation technologies
 - Prioritize research and demonstration opportunities that can improve remediation performance and efficiency, and ultimately reduce the costs to manage sites.
 - Summarize findings in a workshop report.

28 Research, Demonstration and Technology Transfer Needs Identified



PFAS Workshop – Major Findings

- Fate and transport properties
- Bioavailability, biomagnification
- Toxicity
- Development of on-site technologies for concentrated PFAS waste streams
- PFAS forensics
- Sampling
- Treatment technology demonstrations
- Technology transfer needs



FY20 SERDP Statement of Needs

- Biodegradation of Per- and Polyfluoroalkyl Substances Found in Aqueous Film Forming Foams
- Development of Passive Sampling Methodologies for Per- and Polyfluoroalkyl Substances
- Development of Analytical Methods to Assess Leaching and Mobility of Perand Polyfluoroalkyl Substances from Soils, Sediments, and Solid Wastes
- Forensic Methods for Source Tracking and Allocation of Per- and Polyfluoroalkyl Substances
- Preproposals due 8 January 2019 @ 2 PM ET



Projects										
Electrocatalytic (ER2424; CDMSmith)			In situ coagulents (ER2425; Minnesota)			In situ chemical reductive defluorination (ER2426; Purdue)			Coupled reactive nanoscale materials & bioremediation; mixed contaminants (ER2714; Brown)	
bioremediation; mixed electrobios contaminants cor			trolytic degradation with trobiostimulation; mixed contaminants 2718; Colorado State)			Key F&T properties impacting attenuation & treatment; mixed contaminants (ER2720; Colorado School of Mines)			hermally enhanced persulfate oxidation followed by P&T (ER201729; Navy)	
train: ISCO or amendment, plasma a destruction, IX n		Ex situ treatment train: & post oxidation, adsorption, adsorption material regeneration (1289; UC Riverside	, In o tion (1026 ion		adsorbents ex situ ; Cornell)	regenerable resins				
Proof of Concept	(Ex situ/c	drinking water or pum	p-and	l-treat)						
Protein based adsorbents (1417; U.S. Army)	ads elect	ectrically enhanced Edsorption onto AC,		otrochemic oxidation 20; Univ of GA)	Mesopo organosilica Ex sit (1300; Wo	a sorbents (PANI) & po situ (PPy) po		olypyrrole lymers	Electrocoagulation (1278; AECOM)	
Proof of Concept	Proof of Concept (Investigation Derived Waste)									
reduction & membrane		Modified SiiC based catalysts (1513; Research Triar Institute)	defluor angle hydrate		luctive ination by d electrons ; Miami)	Thermal treatmen (1556; Aptim)		t Nonthermal plasma technology (1570; Drexel)		
Combined Ele		Electron beam technol (1620; Texas A&M		trea	na based atment Clarkson)	Hydrothermal technologies (1501; Colorado Scho of Mines)		Indirect thermal desorption with thermal oxidation (1572; EA Engineering)		



Projects										
Electrocatalytic (ER2424; CDMSmith)			In situ coagulents (ER2425; Minnesota)			In situ chemical reductive defluorination (ER2426; Purdue)			Coupled reactive nanoscale materials & bioremediation; mixed contaminants (ER2714; Brown)	
bioremediation; mixed electrobio contaminants col		electrobiostimu contami	Electrolytic degradation with electrobiostimulation; mixed contaminants (ER2718; Colorado State)		Key F&T properties impacting attenuation & treatment; mixed contaminants (ER2720; Colorado School of Mines)		oxidat	Thermally enhanced persulfate oxidation followed by P&T (ER201729; Navy)		
train: ISCO or amendment, plasma ac destruction, IX m		Ex situ treatment train: & post oxidation, adsorption, adsorption material regeneratio (1289; UC Riverside	post oxidation, orption, adsorption terial regeneration		adsorbents r ex situ ; Cornell) Commercially ava regenerable res Ex situ (1063; CSM		erable resins Ex situ	le IX resins, electrochemical &/or ultrasonic treatment fo regenerant Ex situ (1027; Aptim)		
Proof of Concept	(Ex situ/d	lrinking water or pum	p-and	l-treat)		·				
Protein based adsorbents (1417; U.S. Army)	ads elect	dsorption onto AC,		Contraction I oxidation 320; Univ of GA) Mesopo organosilica Ex si (1300; We		sorbents (PANI) & poly itu (PPy) polyn		olypyrrole lymers	Electrocoagulation (1278; AECOM)	
Proof of Concept	Proof of Concept (Investigation Derived Waste)									
reduction & membrane		Modified SiiC based catalysts (1513; Research Trian Institute)	talysts defluc search Triangle hydrat		ductive ination by d electrons 5; Miami)	Thermal treatmen (1556; Aptim)		t Nonthermal plasma technology (1570; Drexel)		
Combined Elect		Electron beam technol (1620; Texas A&M)	0,	trea	na based atment Clarkson)	Hydrothermal technologies (1501; Colorado Scho of Mines)		Indirect thermal desorption with thermal oxidation (1572; EA Engineering)		

Destruction



Projects										
Electrocata (ER2424; CDM		In situ coagulents (ER2425; Minnesota)			In situ chemical reductive defluorination (ER2426; Purdue)			Coupled reactive nanoscale materials & bioremediation; mixed contaminants (ER2714; Brown)		
In situ chemical o bioremediatior contamina (ER2715; UC E	electrobiostimu contami	rolytic degradation with robiostimulation; mixed contaminants 2718; Colorado State)			Key F&T properties impacting attenuation & treatment; mixed contaminants (ER2720; Colorado School of Mines)			Thermally enhanced persulfate oxidation followed by P&T (ER201729; Navy)		
train: ISCO or amendment, plasma a destruction, IX i		Ex situ treatment train: & post oxidation, adsorption, adsorption material regeneratio (1289; UC Riverside	idation, adsorption (eneration		adsorbents ex situ ; Cornell)	Commercially availab regenerable resins Ex situ (1063; CSM)				
Proof of Concept	(Ex situ/	drinking water or pum	p-and	-treat)						
Protein based adsorbents (1417; U.S. Army)	ad: elect	ectrically enhanced dsorption onto AC,		ectrochemic al oxidation 320; Univ of GA) (1300; Wo		sorbents (PANI) & poly tu (PPy) polyr		olypyrrole lymers	Electrocoagulation (1278; AECOM)	
Proof of Concept	Proof of Concept (Investigation Derived Waste)									
Advanced oxidation- reduction & membrane concentration (1 (1497; UC Riverside)		Modified SiiC based catalysts (1513; Research Triar Institute)	llysts def arch Triangle hydr		ductive ination by d electrons 5; Miami)	Thermal treatmen (1556; Aptim)		t Nonthermal plasma technology (1570; Drexel)		
		Electron beam technol (1620; Texas A&M)		trea	na based atment Clarkson)	Hydrothermal technologies (1501; Colorado Scho of Mines)		Indirect thermal desorption with thermal oxidation (1572; EA Engineering)		

Sequestration



Projects										
Electrocatalytic (ER2424; CDMSmith)			In situ coagulents (ER2425; Minnesota)			In situ chemical reductive defluorination (ER2426; Purdue)			Coupled reactive nanoscale materials & bioremediation; mixed contaminants (ER2714; Brown)	
In situ chemical o bioremediatior contamina (ER2715; UC E	electrobiostimu contam	Electrolytic degradation with electrobiostimulation; mixed contaminants (ER2718; Colorado State)			Key F&T properties impacting attenuation & treatment; mixed contaminants (ER2720; Colorado School of Mines)			Thermally enhanced persulfate oxidation followed by P&T (ER201729; Navy)		
train: ISCO or amendment, plasma ads destruction, IX ma		Ex situ treatment train & post oxidation, adsorption, adsorption material regeneration (1289; UC Riverside	, In o tion (1026 ion		adsorbents ex situ ; Cornell)	u regenerable resins		le IX resins, electrochemica &/or ultrasonic treatment f regenerant Ex situ (1027; Aptim)		
Proof of Concept	(Ex situ/	drinking water or pum	p-and	l-treat)						
Protein based adsorbents (1417; U.S. Army)	ad	dsorption onto AC,		al oxidation organos (1320; Univ of I		orous Cationic po a sorbents (PANI) & po itu (PPy) pol ooster) (1052; Univ		olypyrrole lymers	Electrocoagulation (1278; AECOM)	
Proof of Concept	Proof of Concept (Investigation Derived Waste)									
reduction & membrane		Modified SiiC base catalysts (1513; Research Triar Institute)	defluo angle hydrate		ductive ination by d electrons 5; Miami)	Thermal treatmen (1556; Aptim)		٢	lonthermal plasma technology (1570; Drexel)	
		Electron beam techno (1620; Texas A&M	0,	trea	na based atment Clarkson)	Hydrothermal technologies (1501; Colorado Scho of Mines)		Indirect thermal desorption with thermal oxidation (1572; EA Engineering)		

Treatment Trains



Projects										
Electrocata (ER2424; CDM		In situ coagulents (ER2425; Minnesota)			In situ chemical reductive defluorination (ER2426; Purdue)			Coupled reactive nanoscale materials & bioremediation; mixed contaminants (ER2714; Brown)		
In situ chemical oxidation & Electrolytic deg bioremediation; mixed electrobiostimu contaminants contam (ER2715; UC Berkeley) (ER2718; Col			lation; mixed attenuation nants co			oroperties impacting treatment; mixed ontaminants plorado School of Mines)		Thermally enhanced persulfate oxidation followed by P&T (ER201729; Navy)		
train: ISCO or amendment, plasma ads destruction, IX ma		Ex situ treatment train & post oxidation, adsorption, adsorption material regeneration (1289; UC Riverside	ion (1026 on		adsorbents ex situ ; Cornell)	itu regenerable resins		le IX resins, electrochemica &/or ultrasonic treatment f regenerant Ex situ (1027; Aptim)		
Proof of Concept	(Ex situ/	drinking water or pum	p-and	l-treat)						
Protein based adsorbents (1417; U.S. Army)	ad elec	ectrically enhanced Edsorption onto AC,		al oxidation organosi (1320; Univ of E		orous Cationic pol sorbents (PANI) & pol itu (PPy) poly ooster) (1052; Univ		olypyrrole lymers	Electrocoagulation (1278; AECOM)	
Proof of Concept	Proof of Concept (Investigation Derived Waste)									
reduction & membrane		Modified SiiC base catalysts (1513; Research Triar Institute)	defluor ingle hydrate		luctive ination by d electrons ; Miami)	Thermal treatmen (1556; Aptim)		t Nonthermal plasma technology (1570; Drexel)		
Combined Elect		Electron beam techno (1620; Texas A&M		trea	na based atment Clarkson)	Hydrothermal technologies (1501; Colorado Scho of Mines)		Indirect thermal desorptio with thermal oxidation (1572; EA Engineering)		

Mixed Contamination: PFASs & Chlorinated Solvents



Projects										
Electrocatalytic (ER2424; CDMSmith)			In situ coagulents (ER2425; Minnesota)			In situ chemical reductive defluorination (ER2426; Purdue)			Coupled reactive nanoscale materials & bioremediation; mixed contaminants (ER2714; Brown)	
In situ chemical oxidation & Electrolytic de bioremediation; mixed contaminants contam (ER2715; UC Berkeley) (ER2718; CC			lation nants	; mixed	Key F&T properties impacting attenuation & treatment; mixed contaminants (ER2720; Colorado School of Mines)			Thermally enhanced persulfate oxidation followed by P&T (ER201729; Navy)		
train: ISCO or amendment, plasma ad destruction, IX m		Ex situ treatment train: & post oxidation, adsorption, adsorption material regeneratio (1289; UC Riverside	tion, In o corption (102 eration		adsorbents r ex situ ; Cornell) Commercially availat regenerable resins Ex situ (1063; CSM)		erable resins Ex situ			
Proof of Concept	(Ex situ/d	rinking water or pum	p-and	-treat)						
Protein based adsorbents (1417; U.S. Army)	ads elect	ectrically enhanced dsorption onto AC,		etrochemic oxidation 20; Univ of GA)	organosilica Ex si	Mesoporous organosilica sorbents Ex situ (1300; Wooster) Cationic (PANI) & (PPy) (1052; U		olypyrrole lymers	Electrocoagulation (1278; AECOM)	
Proof of Concept (Investigation Derived Waste)										
Advanced oxidation- reduction & membrane concentration (19 (1497; UC Riverside)		catalysts	513; Research Triangle		Reductive defluorination by hydrated electrons (1526; Miami)		Thermal treatment (1556; Aptim)		lonthermal plasma technology (1570; Drexel)	
		Electron beam technol (1620; Texas A&M)	logy Plasn) trea		na based atment Clarkson)	Hydrothermal technologies (1501; Colorado Scho of Mines)		Indirect thermal desorptio with thermal oxidation (1572; EA Engineering)		

Investigation Derived Waste



Summary

- Additional research and demonstrations needed in all remediation areas: ex situ (drinking water), in situ groundwater and soil treatments
- Good progress on several fronts
- Toxicology information needed to inform remediation; which PFASs are of most concern



Resources

http://map.serdp-estcp.org/Featured-Initiatives/Per-and-Polyfluoroalkyl-Substances-PFASs/

- Workshop report
 - https://serdp-estcp.org/content/download/45585 /425201/file/PFAS%20Workshop%20Report% 20Final%20September%202017.pdf
- FAQ and Reference Document
 - https://www.serdpestcp.org/content/download/46353/431598/file/FAQ%20ER-201574%20September%202017.pdf
 - In what environmental media have PFASs been found?
 - What is the fate and transport of PFASs in the environment?
 - What characterization & remedial tools are available/effective for PFASs?
 - What are human & ecological exposure pathways & health effects?

